CHRISTENSEN'S PLANT CENTER SUGGESTED PLANTS FOR WET SOIL

Many times when we say we have wet soil, we really mean that we are dealing with clay soil, which can be very challenging. When heavy clay soil becomes waterlogged it takes forever to dry out - and when too dry it turns to concrete. Plants frequently rot from too much water, scorch from not enough, or are so damaged by shifts from one extreme to the other that they die outright.

You can improve drainage by planting "high". Dig a shallow hole, position the root ball, and build the soil up around the ball, creating a broad, low mound. You might mix in a small amount of a different type of soil to add volume, if necessary, but many studies have shown that replacing the original soil is not beneficial. The mound should be at least three times as wide as the original root ball, and the top should just hit the root collar, that slight flare where the trunk becomes root. You may even have to uncover the trunk a bit to compensate for the occasional irregular root ball. Never pile soil or mulch so that it mounds up onto the trunk as it will eventually damage the tree.

Other options are: regrading the site to enhance drainage, installing drain tile, or constructing raised planting beds. The following are landscape plants that tolerate wet soil conditions better than most:

TREES

Acer rubrum Acer saccharinum Acer x freemanii Alnus ssp. Amelanchier ssp. Betula nigra Carpinus caroliniana Celtis occidentalis Gleditsia ssp. Larix laricina Liquidambar styraciflua Metasequoia glyptostroboides Dawn Redwod Morus ssp. Picea glauca Platanus occidentalis Quercus bicolor Quercus palustris Salix ssp. Taxodium distichum Thuja occidentalis Thuja plicata Ulmus ssp.

Red Maple Silver Maple Freeman Hybrid Maple Alder Juneberry, Shadblow, Serviceberry **River Birch** American Hornbeam Hackberry Honeylocust Tamarack American Sweetgum Mulberry White Spruce Sycamore Swamp White Oak Pin Oak Willow Baldcypress American Arborvitae, White Cedar Giant (Western) Arborvitae Elm

Amelanchier stolonifera Aronia ssp. Calycanthus floridus Cephalanthus occidentalis Clethra alnifolia Cornus ssp. llex glabra llex verticillata Itea virginica Ligustrum ssp. Lindera benzoin Myrica pensylvanica Physocarpus opulifolius Rhus aromatica Rosa virginiana Sambucus canadensis Salix ssp. Symphoricarpos ssp. Vaccinium corymbosum Viburnum dentatum Viburnum opulus Viburnum sargentii Viburnum trilobum

SHRUBS

Running Serviceberry Chokeberry Carolina Allspice **Buttonbush** Summersweet Dogwood (shrub types) Inkberry Winterberry, Michigan Holly Virgina Sweetspire Privet Spicebush Bayberry Ninebark Fragrant Sumac Virginia Rose Elderberry Willow Snowberry Highbush Blueberry Arrowwood Viburnum European Cranberry Sargent Viburnum American Cranberry

VINES / GROUNDCOVERS

Campsis radicans Celastris scandens Galium odoratum Hedera helix Parthenocissus ssp. Trumpetvine Bittersweet Sweet Woodruff English Ivy Boston Ivy, Virginia Creeper

PERENNIALS

Astilbe

Astilbe ssp. Convallaria majalis Ferns Hemerocallis ssp. Hibiscus moscheutos Hosta ssp. Iris kaempferi Monarda didyma Myosotis ssp. Physostegia virginiana Tradescantia virginiana Viola ssp.

Lily-of-theValleyCHardy FernsCDaylilyGRose MallowHHosta, Plantain LilyPJapanese IrisBee-balm, Horsemint, BergamotForget-Me-NotObediant PlantVirginia SpiderwortViolets